

Appendix B

SPNE derivation

assumptions

```
In[1]:= A0 = And[t > 0, g ≥ 0, r > 0, c1 ≥ 0, c2 ≥ 0, a1 ≥ 0, a2 ≥ 0, n ≥ 1, v1 ≥ 0, v2 ≥ 0];
A0b = And[t > 0, g ≥ 0, r > 0, c1 ≥ 0, c2 ≥ 0, a1 ≥ 0, a2 ≥ 0, n > 0, v1 ≥ 0, v2 ≥ 0];
A1 = And[v1 + v2 > c1 + c2 + 6 t, v1 > c1];
A2 = (-r (g + r) / (2 n) + 2 t ≥ c2 - c1 + v1 - v2 ≥ r (-2 g + (-1 + 2 n) r) / (4 n) - 6 t);
A3 = ((1 + 2 n) r2 - 32 n t < 0);
A4 = (v1 - c1 == v2 - c2);
A5 = (g < (-7 + 2 n) r / 8);
A6 = (v1 - v2 > (-t (96 g2 + 16 g (11 - 2 n) r + (-7 + 2 n) ((-11 + 2 n) r2 - 16 n t))) /
      ((1 + 2 n) r (-16 g + (-7 + 2 n) r) + 32 n (-7 + 2 n) t));
```

define utility functions (skip the retailer index j for convenience)

```
In[9]:= V1 = v1 + r * a1 + g * (a1 + a2); V2 = v2 + r * a2 + g * (a1 + a2);
u1 = V1 - p1 - t * x;
u2 = V2 - p2 - t * (1 - x);
```

indifferent consumer locations (market covered / uncovered)

```
In[11]:= xCov = Solve[u1 == u2, x] [[1, 1, 2]];
xUn1 = Solve[u1 == 0, x] [[1, 1, 2]]; xUn2 = Solve[u2 == 0, x] [[1, 1, 2]];
```

profit-maximizing retail prices when market not covered

```
In[13]:= ProfRUnc = (1 / n) ((p1 - w1) * xUn1 + (p2 - w2) (1 - xUn2)) - a1 ^ 2;
NEpUnc = FullSimplify[
  Join[Solve[D[ProfRUnc, p1] == 0, p1] [[1]], Solve[D[ProfRUnc, p2] == 0, p2] [[1]]]]
Out[14]= {p1 →  $\frac{1}{2} (a2 g + a1 (g + r) + v1 + w1)$ , p2 →  $\frac{1}{2} (a1 g + a2 (g + r) + v2 + w2)$ }
```

profit-maximizing retail prices when market covered

```
In[15]= ProfRCov = (1 / n) ((p1 - w1) * xCov + (p2 - w2) (1 - xCov)) - a1^2;
MaxP2 = Solve[(u1 /. x -> xCov) == 0, p2][[1]];
ProfRCovOneVar = ProfRCov /. MaxP2;
NEpCov = Solve[D[ProfRCovOneVar, p1] == 0, p1][[1]];
NEpCov = FullSimplify[Join[NEpCov, MaxP2 /. NEpCov]]
```

```
Out[18]= {p1 -> 1/4 (4 (a1 + a2) g + (3 a1 + a2) r - 2 t + 3 v1 + v2 + w1 - w2),
          p2 -> 1/4 (4 (a1 + a2) g + (a1 + 3 a2) r - 2 t + v1 + 3 v2 - w1 + w2)}
```

reduced game equilibrium wholesale prices when market not covered

```
In[19]= ProfM1Unc = (1 / n) ((w1 - c1) * xUn1) /. NEpUnc;
ProfM2Unc = (((w2 - c2) * (1 - xUn2)) /. NEpUnc) - a2^2;
NEwUnc = Solve[w1 == c1 && D[ProfM2Unc, w2] == 0, {w1, w2}][[1]]
```

```
Out[20]= {w1 -> c1, w2 -> 1/2 (c2 + a1 g + a2 g + a2 r + v2)}
```

reduced game equilibrium wholesale prices when market covered

```
In[21]= ProfM1Cov = (1 / n) ((w1 - c1) * xCov);
ProfM2Cov = (((w2 - c2) * (1 - xCov))) - a2^2;
NEwCov = Solve[w1 == c1 && D[(ProfM2Cov /. NEpCov), w2] == 0, {w1, w2}][[1]]
```

```
Out[22]= {w1 -> c1, w2 -> 1/2 (c1 + c2 - a1 r + a2 r + 2 t - v1 + v2)}
```

uncovered market possible?

```
In[23]= Reduce[And[Or[(xUn1 < xUn2) /. NEpUnc /. NEwUnc],
                    (xUn1 < xUn2) /. NEpUnc /. NEwCov], A0, A1]]
```

```
Out[23]= False
```

reduced game equilibrium advertising when market covered

profit functions concave?

```
In[24]= ProfRStage1 = (ProfRCov /. NEpCov /. NEwCov);
ProfM2Stage1 = (ProfM2Cov /. NEpCov /. NEwCov);
Simplify[And[D[ProfRStage1, {a1, 2}] < 0], And[A0, A1, A2, A3]]
```

```
Out[25]= True
```

equilibrium advertising

```
In[26]= NEa = FullSimplify[Solve[D[ProfRStage1, a1] == D[ProfM2Stage1, a2] == 0, {a1, a2}][[1]]]
```

$$\text{Out[26]= } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a1 \rightarrow \frac{c1 r - c2 r + g r^2 + r^3 - 16 g t - 14 r t - r v1 + r v2}{r^2 + 2 n r^2 - 32 n t}, \\ a2 \rightarrow \frac{r (r (g + r) - 2 n (c1 - c2 + 2 t - v1 + v2))}{(1 + 2 n) r^2 - 32 n t} \end{array} \right\}$$

corner solution (or negative advertising) possible?

```
In[27]= xNE = FullSimplify[(xCov /. NEpCov /. NEwCov /. NEa)];
Reduce[And[Not[0 ≤ xNE ≤ 1], A0, A1, A2, A3], Reals]
Reduce[And[Or[NEa[[1, 2]] < 0, NEa[[2, 2]] < 0], And[A0b, A1, A2, A3]]]
```

Out[28]= False

Out[29]= False

Comparative Statics

Proposition I

```
In[30]= pDne = Simplify[((p1 - p2) /. NEpCov /. NEwCov /. NEa)];
wDne = Simplify[((w1 - w2) /. NEwCov /. NEa)];
aDne = Simplify[((a1 - a2) /. NEa)];
```

```
In[33]= Simplify[And[D[aDne, c1] < 0, D[xNE, c1] < 0], And[A0, A1, A2, A3]]
```

Out[33]= True

```
In[34]= Simplify[And[D[aDne, c2] > 0, D[xNE, c2] > 0], And[A0, A1, A2, A3]]
```

Out[34]= True

```
In[35]= Simplify[And[D[pDne, g] > 0, D[wDne, g] > 0, D[aDne, g] > 0, D[xNE, g] > 0],
And[A0, A1, A2, A3]]
```

Out[35]= True

```
In[36]= Reduce[Not[And[D[pDne, n] < 0, D[wDne, n] < 0, D[aDne, n] < 0, D[xNE, n] < 0]] &&
And[A0b, A1, A2, A3]]
```

Out[36]= False

```
In[37]= Simplify[And[D[pDne, v1] > 0, D[wDne, v1] > 0, D[aDne, v1] > 0, D[xNE, v1] > 0],
And[A0, A1, A2, A3]]
```

Out[37]= True

```
In[38]= Simplify[And[D[pDne, v2] < 0, D[wDne, v2] < 0, D[aDne, v2] < 0, D[xNE, v2] < 0],
And[A0, A1, A2, A3]]
```

Out[38]= True

Proposition 2 (prove negation is false)

```
In[39]= Reduce[Not[And[D[pDne, r] < 0, D[wDne, r] < 0, D[aDne, r] < 0, D[xNE, r] < 0]] &&
  And[A0, A1, A2, A3, A4, A5]]
```

```
Out[39]= False
```

Under A4 xNE is independent of innate valuations and costs

```
In[40]= FullSimplify[xNE, A4]
```

```
Out[40]= -  $\frac{r(2g+r-2nr)+24nt}{(1+2n)r^2-32nt}$ 
```

Proposition 3 (prove negation is false)

```
In[41]= R = FullSimplify[pDne / aDne, A4];
  Reduce[And[D[R, r] < 0, A0b, A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, A6], Reals]
```

```
Out[42]= False
```